Overview of Water Quality Monitoring

In Montgomery County

May 10, 2021
Water Quality Advisory Group







Overview

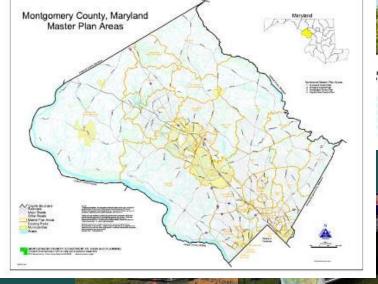
- Monitoring Overview
 - Biological Monitoring
 - Habitat Monitoring/Geomorphology Monitoring
- USGS Monitoring
- NPDES/MS4 Monitoring
 - Breewood
 - New Monitoring Requirements
- Special Protection Area Monitoring
- Stream Restoration Verification
- Questions



Why We Monitor...

- ► DEP Programs
 - ► MS4/NPDES Program
 - **▶** Baseline Conditions
 - ► Special Protection Areas
 - ► Stream Restoration
 - ► Special Projects
 - ► Water Quality Incidents







Benthic Macroinvertebrates Monitoring









Fish Sampling



Sensitive

Toleran





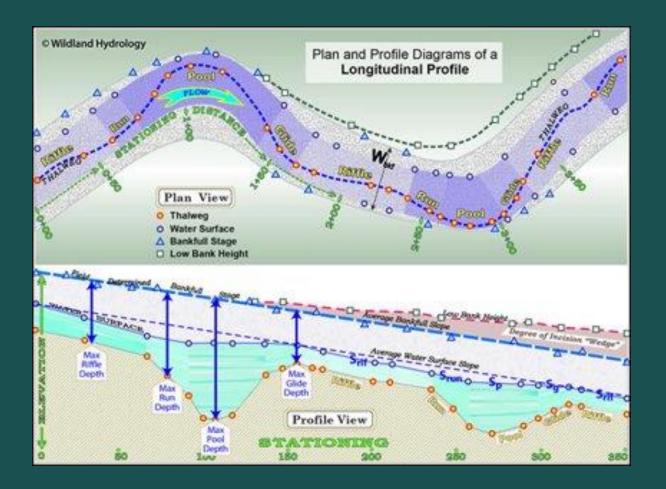


STREAM	SMENT FIELD DATA S	BUCK POATE VE	RIFFLERU	N PREVALENT STR	
SITE	TB5-0			- 1/M/R	
77.5		- INVESTIGAT	-		
	Streams are those in mode latural streams have substra- sculate aggregations along s	erate to high gradient lands sizes primarily composed of stream reaches.	course sediment particles	(i.e., gravel or larger)	
Habitet	Category				
Perameter	Optimal	Suboptimal	Marginel	Poer	
1. Instrum Cover (Fish)	Greater than 50% mix of sings, submerged logs, underget beniss, or other stable habitat.	populations.	avelebility less than desirable	Less than 10% m stable habitet lace habitet is obvious	
SCORE JL	20 19 18 17 16	15 14 13 12 /11/	10 (5/4 7 4	5 4 3 2	
2. Epifeunsi Subetrate	Wal-developed riffs and trace riffs it as wide as stream and length attacks two deves the width of stream; shandarus of cobbie.	Poffic is as wide as stream but length is less than two direct width, shandance of cobble; benders and gravel someone.	fun area may be lacking: riffin not so wide as stream and its largels in less than 2 times the stream width; gravel or large boulders and beforck present, some middle areases.	Ratios or non-virta- non-southers; large boulders and bades premient; cobble la	
SCORE	20 19 18 17 16	45 14 13 12 11	30 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1	
3. Embeddedness	Gravel, cobbie, and boulder particles are 0- 25% surrounded by fine sed-ment.	Gravel, cobbie, and housder particles are 25- 50% servounded by line sediment.	Gravel, cobbin, and boulder particles are 50- 72% surrounded by fine self-rers.	Gravel, cobble, and boulder purceles ar more than 75% surrounded by fee melitrant.	
SCORE		15 H IJ 12/11	10 9 8 7 4	5 4 3 2 1	
4. Chennal Alteration	Characteristics or designing absent or meetral, sensor with neuronal, sinuous pattern.	Some channelization present, smally in small or faridge shutments; endezoes of past channelization, i.e., diredge, (greater than past 20 yr) may be present, but recent channelization is not present.	New embasisments present on both basing and 40 to 80% of stream reach channel-tred and dampsed.	Banks shored with paleon or commerc of 80% of the streams other reliand disrupted.	
SCORE	20 19 10 17 16	15 14 13 12 11	10 9 8 7 6	5 4 3 2 1	
5. Sediment Deposition	of islands or point hers and less than SX of the bettern affected by sediment deposition.	Some new increase in har formation, mostly from course gravel. 5-30% of the bustons affected; alight deposition in pools.	Professes deposition of new grand, coarse sand on old and new barr; 30- 50% of the bottom affected; sodemans deposits at obstruction, constriction, and bends; moderate deposition of seeks providers.	Heavy deposits of in material, increased in development, more 50% of the bostom changing frequently, pools almost absen- to substantial and/ore deposition.	
cope 7	20 19 18 17 14		10 7 8 7 4	5 4 3 2 1	

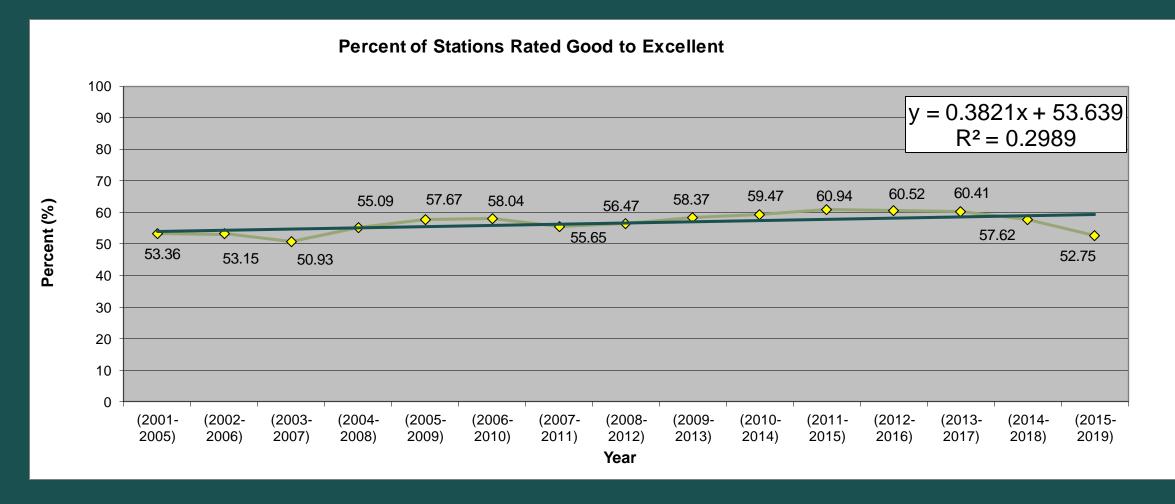
Geomorphology

• Fluvial geomorphology:

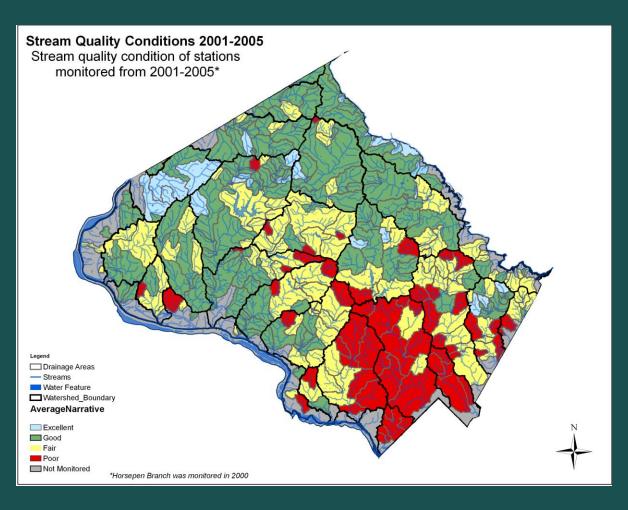
• The study of the form and function of **streams** and the interaction between **streams** and the landscape around them.



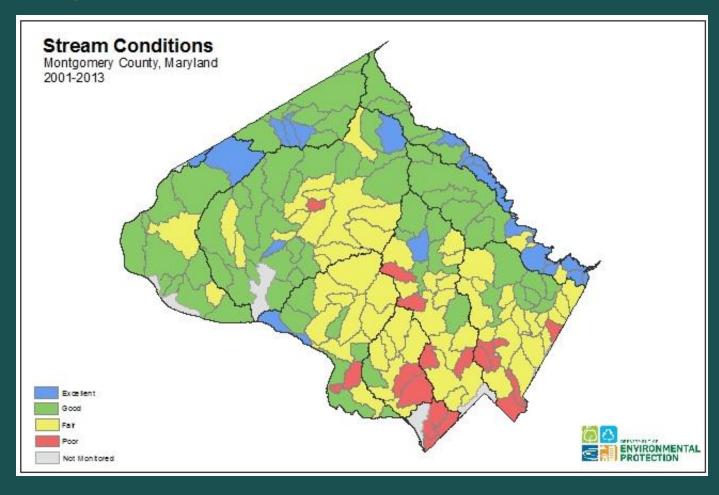
Stream Conditions over Times



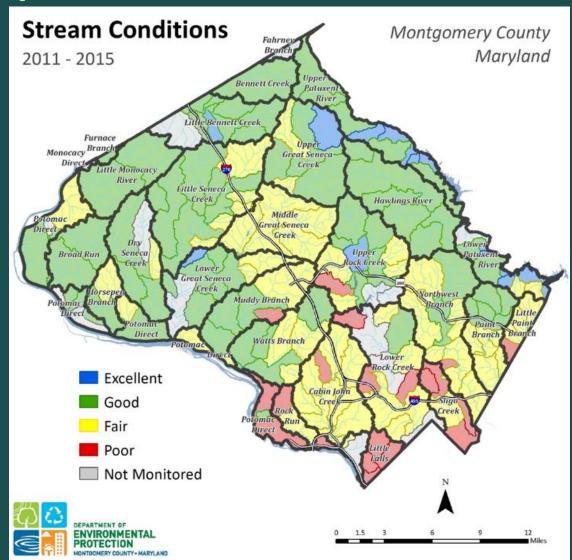
Round 2 Stream Conditions



Round 3 Update



Round 4 Update

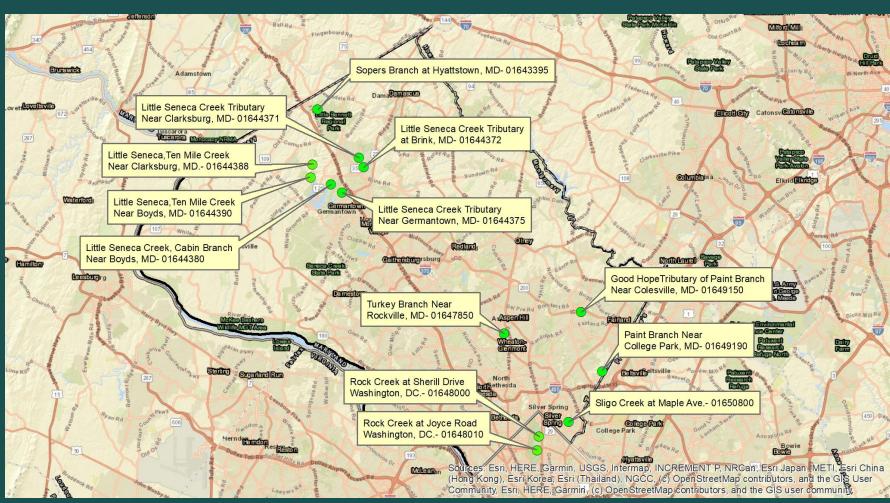




USGS Monitoring

Flow and select chemistry monitoring across

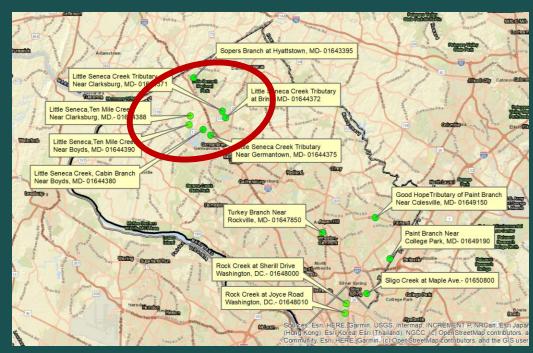
the County

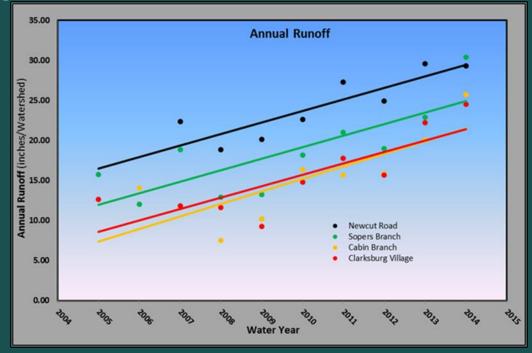


USGS Monitoring

Flow and select chemistry monitoring across the County

 Annual stream discharge is continuing increase across the Northern portion of the County



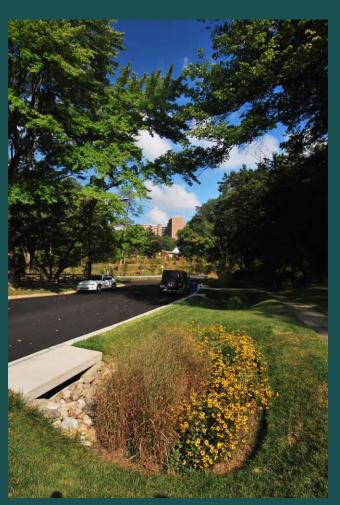


- ✓ 42% impervious
- ✓ County Property: Green Streets
- ✓ Private Property:
 - County Construction
 - ✓ Voluntary
- ✓ Stream Restoration
- ✓ 36% 69% Treatment



Watershed Restoration

- ✓ Completed 2018
- ✓ Extensive use
 - ✓ Rainscapes
 - ✓ BMPs
 - ✓ Greenstreets
 - ✓ Stream Restoration



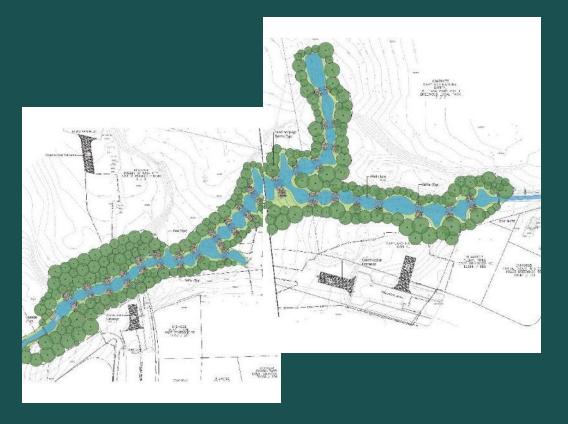


Stream Restoration

- Regenerative Stormwater Conveyance
- ✓ 1,200 Linear Feet







Before and After



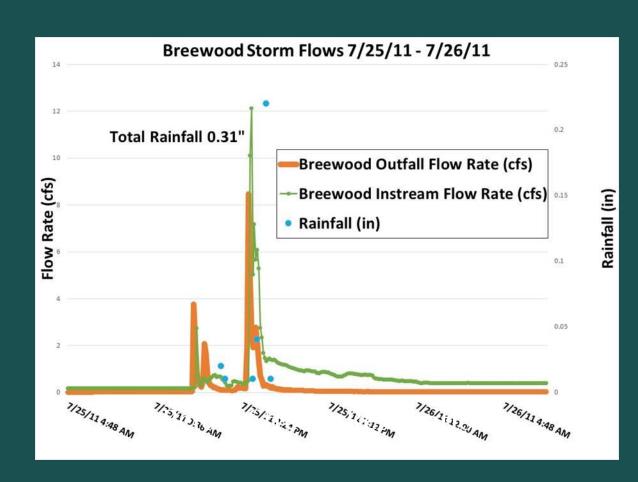


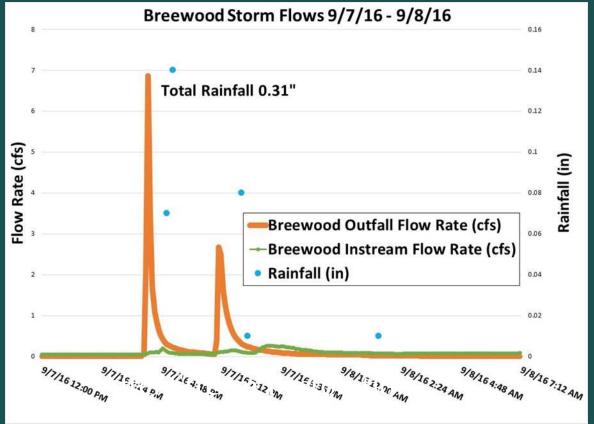
Water Quality Monitoring

- ✓ (2) Automated Flow and Chemistry Stations
 - ✓ Enteroccus
 - ✓ Biochemical Oxygen Demand
 - ✓ Hardness
 - ✓ Nitrate+Nitrite, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen
 - ✓ Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
 - ✓ Total Phosphorus
 - ✓ Total Suspended Solids
 - ✓ Total Cadmium
 - ✓ Total Copper, Lead, Zinc

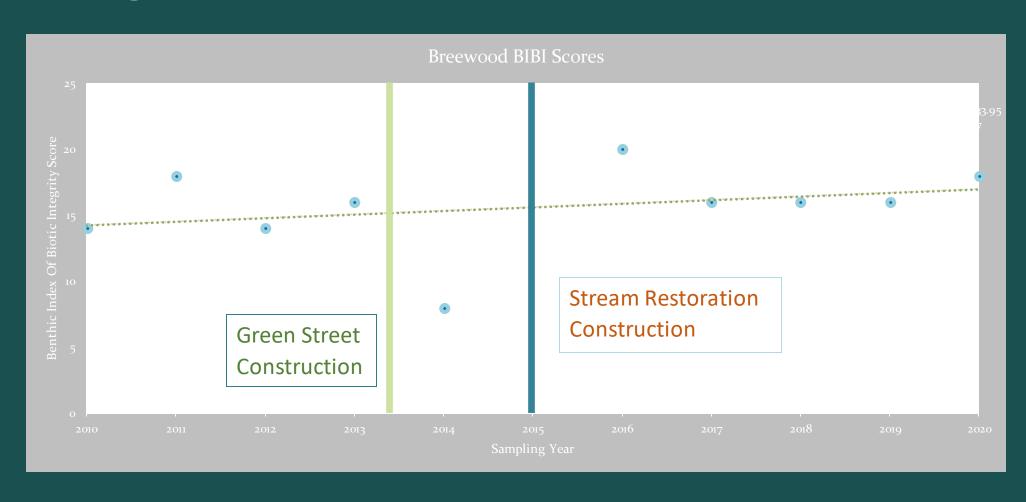


Breewood Case Study: Reduced Stormflow



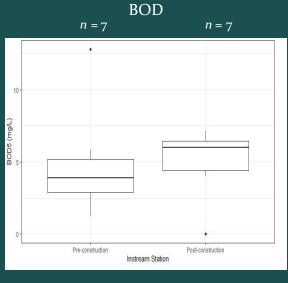


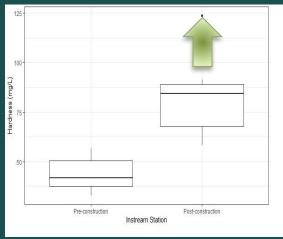
Breewood Case Study: Biological Health

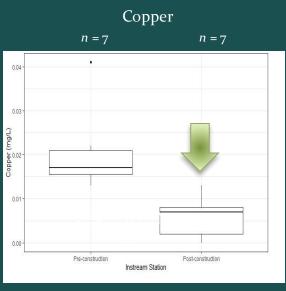


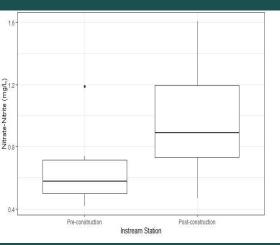
Water Chemistry

EMCs (Small Storms; ≥ 0.3", ≤ 0.75"



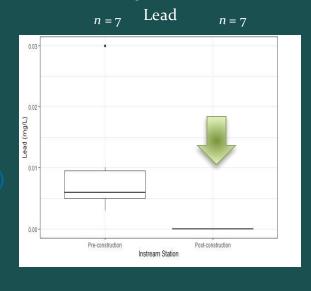


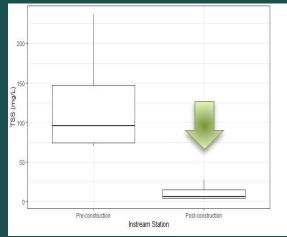


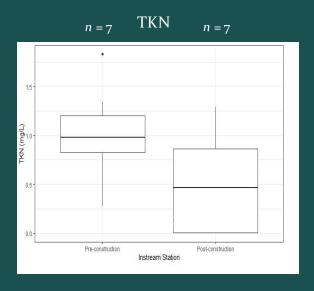


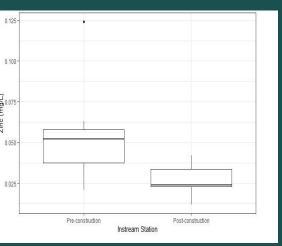
Water Chemistry

EMCs (Small Storms; ≥ 0.3", ≤ 0.75"



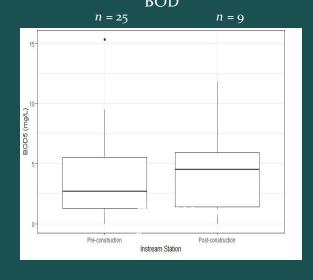


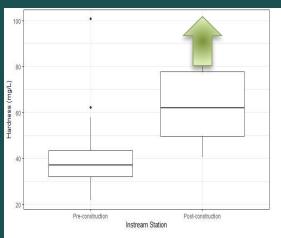


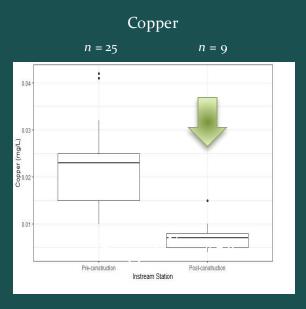


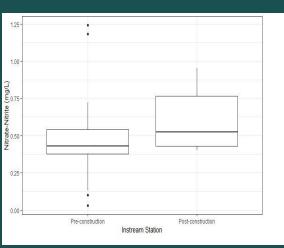
Water Chemistry

EMCs
(Large Storm



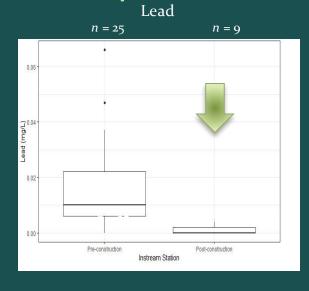


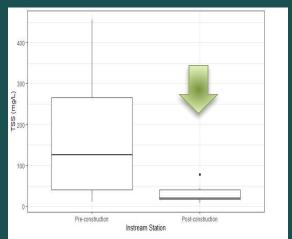


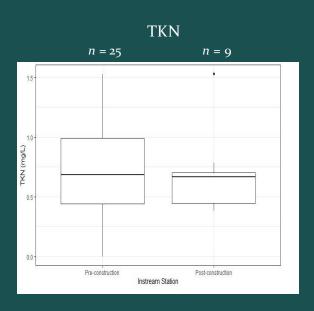


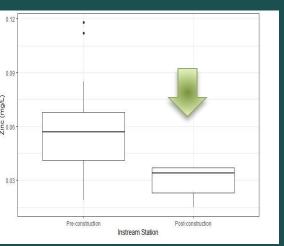
Water Chemistry

EMCs (Large Storms; 0.77" to 3.35")









Special Protection Areas (SPAs)



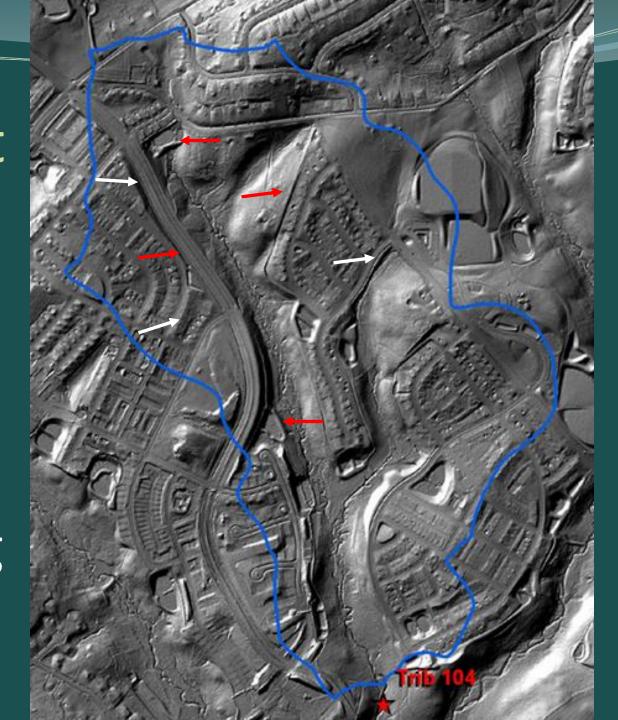
Development and watersheds

Clarksburg 2002

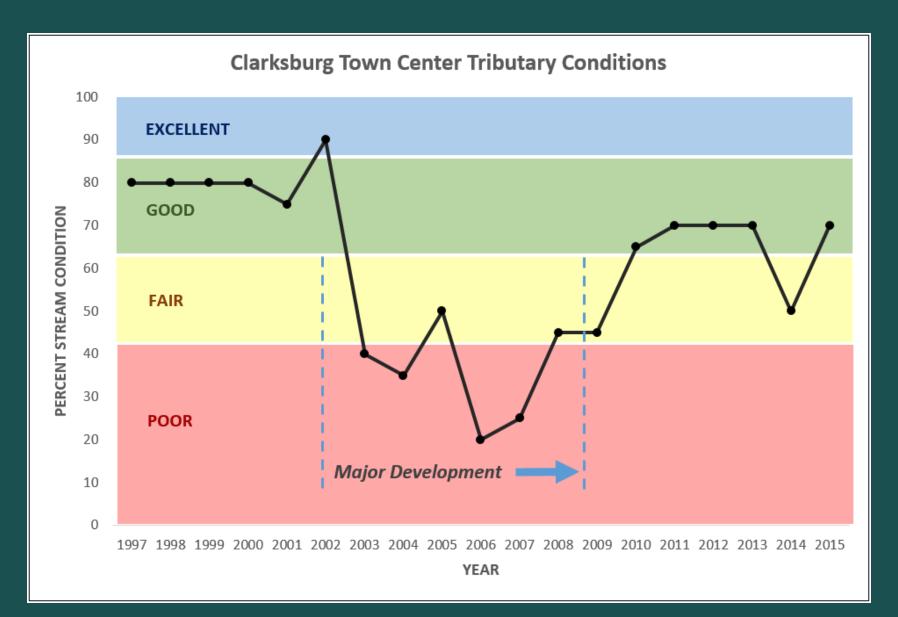


Development and watersheds

Clarksburg 2007



Clarksburg Stream Conditions Trend



Stream Restoration Verification

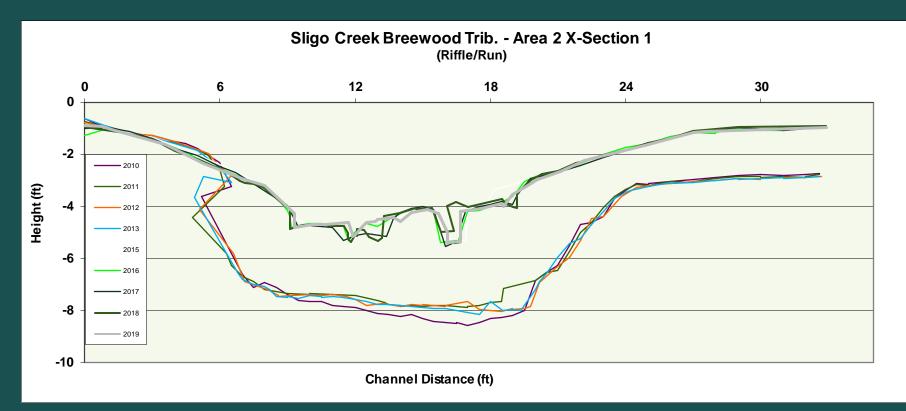
- Geomorphology
 - Long Pro
 - Cross Sections
- Reforestation
- Wetlands
- Photos



Stream Restoration Verification







New MS4 Requirements

- "Montgomery County shall conduct BMP effectiveness and watershed assessment monitoring, and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) source tracking for assessing progress toward improving local water quality and restoring the Chesapeake Bay."
 - BMP Effectiveness Watershed monitoring (Breewood)
 - Chemical (Storm flow, base flow, and continuous)
 - Biological
 - Geomorphology
 - Watershed Assessment (Countywide)
 - Biological Monitoring
 - Chloride Monitoring (Conductivity)
 - Bacteria Monitoring

Thank you!

Questions?



www.montgomerycountymd.gov/DEP

